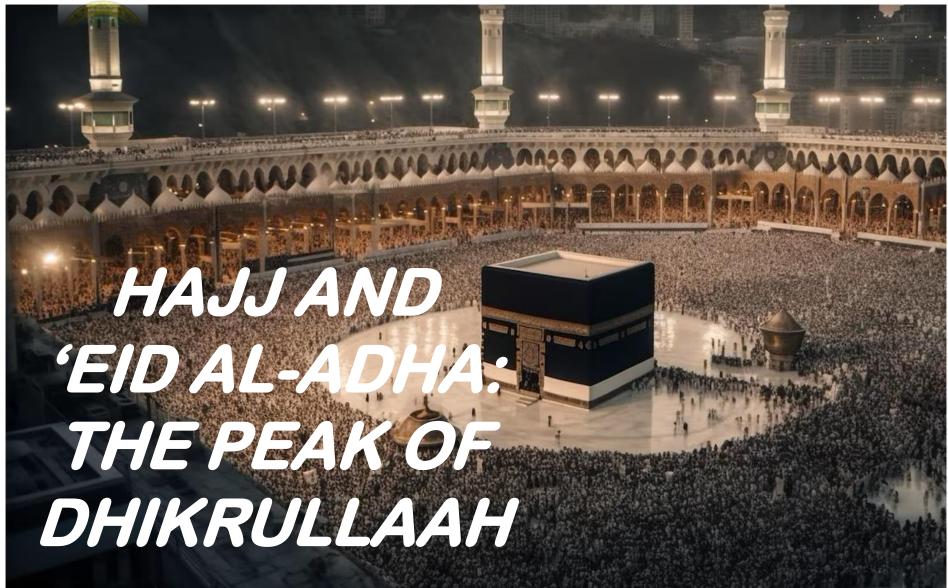


JABATAN AGAMA ISLAM SELANGOR

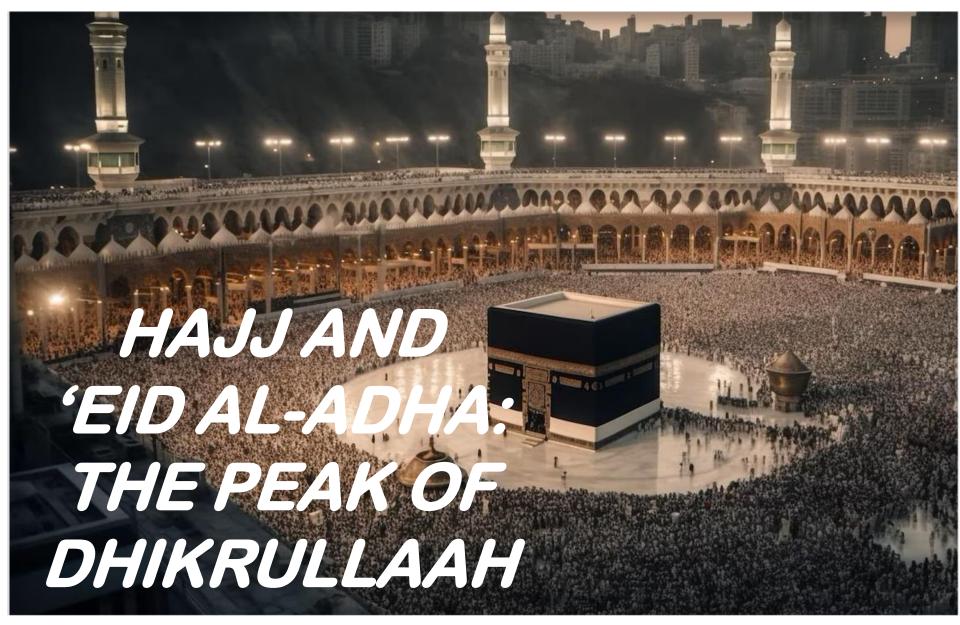




and fellow congregation, that let us strive to have the taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala with the truest of taqwa by fulfilling all of

His Commands, and leaving out all of the things that He forbade. May the genuine taqwa and imaan (faith) lead us to success in this world and the Hereafter.

On the morning of this glorious day, I will expound on the *khutbah* of Eid al-Adha titled...



#bahagianpengurusanmasjid

اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَلْحَمْدُ وَلِلهِ الْحَمْدُ

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 198 of soorah al-Baqarah, which served as the main verse for the introduction of this khutbah:

"...But when you depart from 'Arafah, remember Allah at al-Mash'ar al-Haraam. And remember Him, as He has guided you, for indeed, you were before that among those astray."

Dhikr is the feeling of shukr (gratefulness) upon all of the ni'mah (favors) from Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala who has guided all of the hujjaaj (pilgrims) unto becoming believers.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 203 of soorah al-Baqarah:

"And remember Allah [specific] during numbered days. Then whoever hastens [his departure] in two days -

there is no sin upon him; and whoever delays [until the third] - there is no sin upon him - for him who fears Allah. And fear Allah and know that unto Him you will be gathered."

The 'ibaadah (act of worship) of hajj is the peak of dhikr unto (remembrance) Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala. Many Muslims would be engrossed in worldly matters that they

would forget upon the things that have been commanded by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, where among them is dhikrullaah which is to send praises, uttering gratitude, and making

istighfaar in earnestly hoping for forgiveness from Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala has mentioned in verse 28 of soorah ar-Ra'd:

أَلَا بِذِكْرِ ٱللَّهِ تَطْمَيِنَّ ٱلْقُلُوبُ

"Unquestionably, by the remembrance of Allah hearts are assured."

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

Dhikr is an 'ibaadah where one remembers Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala and it can be performed whether upon the tongue or within the heart. Dhikr upon the tongue includes

istighfaar, supplicating, salawaat sending (blessings) upon tasbeeh, Rasulullah tahmeed, takbeer, tahleel, recitation of al-Qur'an, and the like.

It is waajib (obligatory) upon those engaging in dhikr to remember Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala with full ta'dheem (solemnity) and honor. The hearts of those engaging in dhikr,

immersed with the feeling of ta'dheem and the greatness of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, will be shaken and in awe when mentioning and pronouncing the Names of

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 2 of soorah al-Anfaal:

"The believers are only those who, when Allah is mentioned, their hearts become fearful, and when His verses are recited to them, it increases them in faith; and upon their Lord they rely."

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

Aside from dhikr upon the tongue and dhikr within the heart, dhikr also exists in the form of obedience. Obedience in performing commands is dhikrullaah. Also, obedience by

the leaving out prohibitions also is For dhikrullaah. the hujjaaj that are performing hajj Tamattu' and hajj Qiraan, or having matters performed prohibited while in

ihraam (sacred state for pilgrimage), they have been legislated to pay the Dam (penalty) by slaughtering a goat, cow, or camel. For those that are not performing hajj, it is required upon those

having the capability to perform the sacrifice, in emulating the obedience manifested by Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam.

Allah mentions in verses 102-107 from soorah as-Saaffaat:

"And when he reached with him [the age of] exertion, he said, "O my son, indeed I have seen in a dream that I [must]

sacrifice you, so see what you think." He said, "O my father, do as you are commanded. You will find me, if Allah wills, of the steadfast." And when they had both submitted and he put him down upon his

forehead, We called to him, "O Abraham, You have fulfilled the vision." Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good. Indeed, this was the clear trial. And We ransomed him with a great sacrifice."

اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَلْحَمْدُ وَلِلهِ الْحَمْدُ

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

We should emulate the of devotion level demonstrated by Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam. There are two wisdoms that can be garnered from this story. First, fulfilling the

command of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala wholeheartedly, having to sacrifice one's beloved child. Second, giving thanks and gratitude Allah to Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala

for the blessings of extra wealth, hence the legislation of the command to "sacrifice" in attaining nearness to Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

The story of Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam, Prophet Ismaa'eel 'Alayhissalaam, and Haajar depicts the plight of a father being tested in his devotion to perform a sacrifice, and

an obedient child willing to be sacrificed, and also a mother who is pleased with the Divine decree.

What about us, where do we stand? Are we capable of sacrificing everything

for the sake of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala?

Are we willing to sacrifice for the sake of the unity of the Muslim ummah? That we sacrifice our ego and personal interests in order

to be united. It is no doubt that the biggest factor in uplifting the honor of the ummah, in upholding our religion, for its majesty and glory, that it is the souls gathered in the unity of 'aqeedah and

Sharee'ah. This ummah will gain authority and strength when it can maintain its kingdom. Any ummah or nation that is divided and collapsed in its unity, disputing in every matter, will surely

lose its strength and weaken in its authority. The kingdom's legitimacy becomes threatened, and its glory turns into disgrace, furthermore its loftiness will plunge down. Then, definitely its

end result is real failure and loss. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala commands us to always remain united and prohibits discord, which leads to division and strife.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 46 of soorah al-Anfaal:

"And obey Allah and His Messenger, and do not dispute and [thus] lose courage and [then] your strength would depart; and be patient. Indeed, Allah is with the patient."

اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَكْبَرُ، وقَدِ أَلْحَمْدُ وَلِلهِ الْحَمْدُ

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

Are we yet to awaken and feel remorse upon the status of the Muslim ummah today, whom are being severely pressed with the divide and rule policy by certain quarters? Do we not even

learn one lesson from the predicament of our Muslim brethren in Ghazza, Palestine, Rafah, Yemen, and all over the world, at this very instance? They are being massacred by the Israeli

terrorist regime and the enemies of Islam la'natullaah (cursed by Allah), as if they are all gobbling up food from a tray.

Rasulullah had described this event, as stated in the hadeeth narrated by Thawbaan radiyAllaahu 'anh, where he mentioned that Rasulullah said:

"The people will soon summon one another to attack you as people when eating invite others to share their dish." Someone asked: "Will that be because of our small numbers at that time?"

He replied: "No, you will be numerous at that time: but you will be scum and rubbish like that carried down by a torrent, and Allah will take fear of you from the breasts of your enemy

and cast al-wahn (enervation) into your hearts." Someone asked: "O Messenger of Allah, what is al-wahn?" He replied: "Love of the world and dislike of death."

(Abu Dawood)

Today, thousands of Muslims in Palestine are brutally rained down with bombs, with homes and buildings annihilated and collapsed to the ground without any defense. Can we place hope upon

global organizations to defend our Muslim brethren? Or even the States' United government which vehemently used their veto power to defend the rogue state of Israel?

Are the Muslims expecting their enemies to defend their Muslim brethren? What sacrifices have we done or undertaken? Or have we lost our identities, having no confidence, or just staring lifelessly?

نَسْتَغْفِرُ الله، سُبْحَانَكَ إِنَّا كُنَّا مِنَ السَّالِينَ الطَّالِينَ الطَّالِينَ

"Forgive us, O Allah, Glory be to You, indeed we have been of the wrongdoers."

To end the khutbah on this blessed morning, let us ponder and upon the reflect following lessons:

1. The Muslim ummah must always remain in dhikr, exalting the greatness of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala so that the hearts remain tranquil and the imaan remains firm unto Him.

2. The Muslims that have gone to perform hajj at Baytullaah are among the signs of dhikr and the remembrance of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, as well as deriving lessons from the

sacrifices of Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam obeying the command of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

3. The Muslims must remain sincere in performing the 'ibaadah of qurbaani, and sacrifice in the path of Allah, emulating the willingness to sacrifice

demonstrated Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam and his son, Prophet Ismaa'eel 'Alayhissalaam.

"Indeed, We have granted you, [O Muhammad], al-Kawthar. So pray to your Lord and sacrifice [to Him alone]. Indeed, your enemy is the one cut off."

(al-Kawthar 108:1-3)

الله أكْبَر، الله أكْبَر، الله أكْبَر، الله أكْبَر، وربّع الْحَمْدُ وَربّع الْحَمْدُ

Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, Allah is Most Great, and all praise be to Allah

THE SECOND KHUTBAH

Islam teaches us to sacrifice something of significant value as proof and testimony of our 'ageedah, for the sake of blissfulness and salvation

in our lives in this world and the Hereafter. Let us preserve our imaan in our hearts as our main capital in this life. Do not allow our imaan to be jeopardized by

wealth, fame, and stature. Set our hearts firm in submitting to the will of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, The Almighty.

The successful ones are actually those that perform the sacrifice, willing to sacrifice their time, money, body and soul, self-interest, energy, thoughts, feelings,



Indeed, the believers that would sacrifice anything

belonging to them, whether in the form of time, thoughts, wealth, and life, for the sake of Islam, they will be rewarded by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala with Paradise.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 111 of soorah at-Tawbah:

"Indeed, Allah has purchased the from believers their lives and their properties [in they exchange] for that will have Paradise."

Let us altogether strive to have the taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by remaining in obedience unto Him, and abstaining from vile acts and disobedience.

O Allah! O The Most Merciful! O The Most Compassionate! Save our brethren in Ghazza, Rafah, Yemen, and other locations whom are being waged war against by the

enemies of Islam. Protect them, have mercy on them. O Allah, aid the mujaahideen and grant them victory, for they are at war at all times in defending the religion,

Muslim lands, the people, and Masjid al-Aqsa. Assist them with Your elite army of angels, and make them victorious over Israel la'natullaah.

اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ، الله أكبر، لا إله إلا الله والله أكبر، الله أكبر ولله الْحَمْدُ

تَقْبِلَ اللهُ مِنَّا وَمِنْكُمْ صَالِحَ الْأَعْمَال مِنَ الْعَائِدِيْنِ وَالْفَائِزِيْنَ، وَكُلُّ عَامٍ وَأَنْتُمْ بِخَيْرٍ

