



#bahagianpengurusanmasjid Khutbah Multimedia I humbly call upon all of us

to altogether strive in increasing our taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by fulfilling all of His Commands and abstaining from all of

His prohibitions. Let us pay full attention to the sermon that is to be delivered. Do not speak to others and do use our cellular phones during the khutbah. May this khutbah benefit all of us.

On this very noble day, I will be expounding on a.



Today is the last Friday for the month of Sha'baan. Referring to a hadeeth, Salman al-Faarisi narrated that Rasulullah صلى الله delivered his khutbah on the last day of Sha'baan:

"O people, there has come to you a great month, a blessed month, a month in which there is a night that is better than a thousand months. Allah has made fasting it obligatory and spending

its nights in prayer a voluntary act. Whoever draws close (to Allah) during it by doing a good deed will be like one who did an obligatory deed in any other month, and the one who does an

obligatory deed in it will be like one who did seventy obligatory deeds in any other month. It is the month of patience, and the reward of patience is Paradise. It is the month of helping

others. It is a month in which the believer's provision is increased. Whoever gives a fasting person food with which to break his fast will have his sins forgiven

and he will be ransomed from the Fire, and he will have a reward like his without it detracting from his reward in the slightest."

(al-Bayhaqi)

There are many hadeeth that mentions the merits of the holy month of Ramadaan. It is the month where the shayateen (devils) are chained, the doors of the heavens are opened,

the doors of Paradise are opened while the doors of Hellfire are closed shut. Also, in Ramadaan, the doors of rahmah (mercy) are opened along with freedom from Hellfire. It is the month of

forgiveness for those fasting, for those that revive its nights, and those that are in search of laylat al-qadr. Ramadaan is also the month of sabr (patience), the month of generosity

and sacrifice, the month of al-Qur'an, the month of suppressing the nafs (desire), the month of nurturing noble akhlaaq (character), the month of risaalah (message) al-Islam, where performing

'umrah in Ramadaan is equivalent to performing hajj with Rasulullah عليه وسلم It is the month where supplications are accepted, the month of laylat al-qadr, and the month of zakaat al-fitr.

All of these are rahmah bestowed by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala upon His servants whom truly adhere and believe in Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

We must rejoice when celebrating the coming of Ramadaan, just as Rasulullah عليه وسلم had celebrated its arrival. But how did Rasulullah celebrate it? Rasulullah صلى الله عليه وسلم celebrated it

the crescent of Ramadaan at the end of Sha'baan. Narrated Hurayrah Abu radiyAllaahu 'anh that Rasulullah عليه وسلم said:

"Observe fast when you see it (the new moon) and break fast when you see it (the new moon of Shawwaal), but when

(the actual position of the month is) concealed from you (on account of cloudy sky), then count thirty days."

(Muslim)

Rasulullah عليه وسلم also did not fast prior to Ramadaan. He reminded us in a hadeeth, on the authority of Abu Hurayrah radiyAllaahu 'anh:

"Do not precede the month of Ramadaan by

fasting a day or two before it, except in the case of a man who has been in the habit of observing the particular fast, for he may fast on that day."

(Agreed Upon)

This year, let us fast in the manner that same صلى الله عليه وسلم did. Rasulullah Rasulullah عليه وسلم would begin his fasting with the niyyah (intention) to fast. On the authority of Hafsah bint 'Umar radiyAllaahu 'anhuma that Rasulullah عليه وسلم said:

"Whoever does not have the intention of fasting before dawn, then there is no fast for him."

(an-Nasaa'i)

Many of the scholars encourage us to have the niyyah of fasting for the entire month of Ramadaan, in addition to having the niyyah in every night.

صلى الله would عليه وسلم Rasulullah hasten to break his fast and delay his suhoor (pre-dawn meal). Among the food that Rasulullah صلى الله عليه وسلم when consumed breaking his fast

are as mentioned in the hadeeth Salmaan bin Aamir radiyAllaahu 'anh where he عليه وسلم said:

"Whoever has dried dates, then let him break the fast with that, and whoever does not, then let him break the fast with water, for indeed water is purifying."

(at-Tirmidhi)

Rasulullah صلى الله did not cease from having marital relations with his wives. Allah mentions in verse 187 of Soorah al-Baqarah:

"It has been made permissible for you the night preceding fasting to go to your wives [for marital relations]."

Rasulullah Would would increase and intensify his righteous deeds in the last ten (10) nights of Ramadaan, and it was mentioned in a hadeeth that:

"When the last ten days of Ramadaan began, the Prophet () used to stay up at night, tighten his waist-wrap, and wake up his family (to pray)."

From among akhlaaq of the fasting person that Rasulullah had encouraged is as the mentioned following hadeeth:

"Verily, fasting is not only from eating and drinking. Rather, fasting is from vanity and obscenity. If someone abuses you or acts foolish against you, then say: 'I am fasting, I am fasting." (Muslim)

He also would increase in his recitation of al-Qur'an in Ramadaan, where he completed its recitation twice with Jibreel 'Alayhissalaam. He was also very generous in giving

sadaqah (charity) during Ramadaan. In the hadeeth of 'Abdullah ibn 'Abbaas radiyAllaahu 'anhuma, he said:

"Rasulullah " was most charitable in the month of Ramadaan when Jibreel would come to meet him, and Rasulullah was more generous than the blowing wind." (Agreed Upon)

To attain fasting that is of high quality, then it behoove us to perform several important matters, which is to perform the taraweeh prayer in jamaa'ah (congregation) beginning

from the first night of Ramadaan, take pray Subh, suhoor, abstaining from consuming food and drink, from having marital relation with the spouse, and from

that committing acts would invalidate the fasting, as well as abstaining from things that are makrooh (detestable) and haraam (impermissible). Aside from that, remain

istiqaamah (steadfast) in performing the taraweeh prayer especially in the last ten nights of Ramadaan by indulging in i'tikaaf (seclusion) in seeking Laylat al-Qadr, increase in making

du'aa (supplication) at the time of breaking the fast, frequently making tawbah (repentance), perform righteous deeds, and staying away from matters that are hated by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

To end the khutbah, let us altogether ponder and derive lessons as follows:

1. The Muslim ummah their must express joyfulness with the arrival of Ramadaan al-Mubaarak, a month of tarbiyyah (education) and a month that is filled with multiplied rewards.

Muslims must 2. The Rasulullah emulate celebrating when Ramadaan and fast with vigilance when breaking the fast and having suhoor, and even increase in 'ibaadah (worship).

3. Ramadaan serves as the avenue that trains the nafs, so do not allow the entire month to be a feast of food and drink, surrendering to the desire due to thirst and hunger.

"O you who have believed, decreed upon you is fasting as it was decreed upon those before you that you may become righteous."

(Soorah al-Baqarah 2:183)

THE SECOND KHUTBAH

O Allah! We seek refuge in You from severe trials, from being afflicted with calamities, from evil in destiny, and from the joy of the enemies upon the tribulations and misfortunes

that befell us. O Allah! We beseech Your protection, from losing the favors that You have bestowed, from the loss of health that You have granted, protect us from calamity and disaster,

from massive flood and extreme heat. O Allah! You are our One and Only Savior, we humbly beg You to save Masjid al-Aqsa in Palestine.

O Allah! Make us among Your slaves that fulfills the amaanah. Strengthen our imaan so that we avoid treachery, protect us from becoming among those that neglect their responsibilities,

and protect our state and nation from destruction due to bribery. Render the duty to lead our country upon Your slaves whom are trustworthy and honest,

as well as firm and courageous in upholding the truth and executing justice according to the Sharee'ah. O Allah, make the masaajid and suraus in

the state of Selangor as Your peaceful homes, uniting everyone, and serve as the heart of the ummah's strength.

