

المن المنظم المن JABATAN AGAMA ISLAM SELANGOR



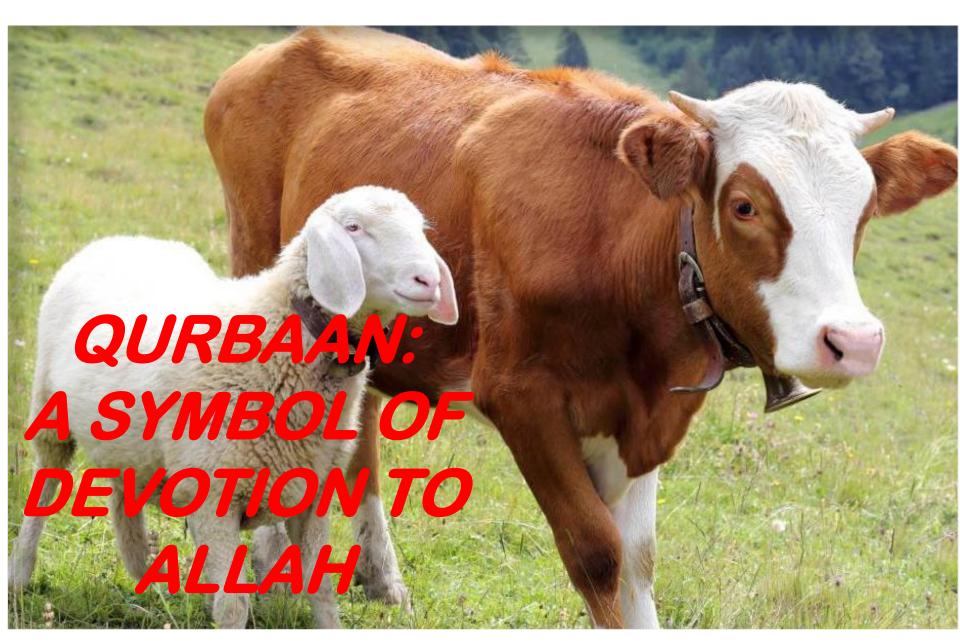
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us strive to Let increase our taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, which is by abiding all of His Commands and

avoiding all of His prohibitions, so that we will attain contentment and blessings in life in this world and in the Hereafter.

The *khutbah* today is titled



#bahagian pengurusan masjid

The 'ibaadah (worship) of Qurbaan (sacrifice), also known as Ud-hiyyah (اُضْحِیَّة) is the slaughtering of farm animals with the intention of attaining nearness to Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

It can be performed from the 10th of Dhul Hijjah up until before sunset on the 13th of Dhul Hijjah.

The 'ibaadah of Qurbaan serves as the platform for the Muslim to manifest his

gratefulness to Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala for all of the ni'mah (favors) bestowed. It is also from among the shi'aar (symbols) of Islam and a sign of taqwa within and servitude of the believers.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 32 of soorah al-Hajj, which was recited at the beginning of the khutbah, what means:

"That [is so]. And whoever honors the symbols of Allah indeed, it is from the piety of hearts."

The significance of the 'ibaadah of Qurbaan is based on several narrations, among them is the hadeeth of 'A'ishah radiyAllaahu 'anha where Rasulullah said:

"The son of Adam does not do any deed on the Day of Sacrifice that is dearer to Allah than spilling blood (of sacrificial animals)."

(at-Tirmidhi)

It is understood from this hadeeth that the practice of giving off wealth to perform the 'ibaadah of Ud-hiyyah is a very praiseworthy act.

The legislation of the 'ibaadah of Qurbaan is mentioned in both al-Qur'an and as-Sunnah, as Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verses 1-3 of soorah al-Kawthar:

"Indeed, We have granted you, [O Muhammad], al-Kawthar. So pray to your Lord and sacrifice [to Him alone]. Indeed, your enemy is the one cut off."

According to *as-Sunnah*, the virtues of slaughtering the sacrifice are:

The first drop of blood from the slaughtering is expiation for the previous sins.

'Imraan bin Husayn radiyAllaahu **'anh** narrated that Rasulullah صَلِيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَيْكُمْ وَعِلَمُ المُعْلَمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِيلُوا المُعْلَمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلَمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلَمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلَمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَعِلْمُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ وَالمُعْلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ والْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلْمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمِعِلَمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلِمُ وَالْمُعِلَمُ وَالْمِعِمُ وَالْمِعِلِمُ وَالْمِعِلَمُ وَالْمِعِمِ said to radiyAllaahu Faatimah 'anha:

"Stand up and go to the place of sacrifice and witness yourself, for with the first drop of blood your previous sins will be forgiven."

(al-Haakim)

Likewise, for every strand of hair and wool from the animal slaughtered, there are virtues upon them. The blood that is spilled onto the earth will have a noble stature in the Sight

of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala. 'A'ishah radiyAllaahu *'anha* narrated that Rasulullah said:

"On the Day of Judgment, Will appear with its horns, and hair, and hooves, and indeed the blood will be accepted by Allah

from where it is received before it even falls upon earth, so let your heart delight in it."

(at-Tirmidhi)

The ruling for the 'ibaadah of Qurbaan is sunnah mu'akkadah (a confirmed sunnah). its ruling However, waajib changes to (obligatory) if intended as nadhr (vow).

In the *hadeeth* of 'A'ishah *radiyAllaahu 'anha*, Rasulullah said:

"Whoever vowed to be obedient to Allah, must be obedient to Him."

(al-Bukhaari)

mentioned, the As slaughtering of the sacrifice only occurs once a year. Therefore, if we are able to perform it, do not miss out on this golden opportunity, for the sake of reaping

rewards and the pleasure of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala. Let us invigorate this Islamic symbol, for as long as we are alive. Let us ensure that this year's 'Eid al-Adha will be more lively by making

infaaq (giving away) of the wealth bestowed upon us.

The act of performing Qurbaan can preserve within our memories the history of three great human beings, namely

Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam as the father, Hajar as the mother, and Prophet Ismaa'eel as the son. Prophet Ibraaheem was commanded by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala

to slaughter his son, Prophet Ismaa'eel. Such is the case that Allah bestows reward upon those indulging in good deeds, due to their devotion to Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

Not only good deeds but Allah has relieved them from grief and difficulties by replacing it with Dhibhin 'Azheem (ذِبْح عَظِيْم), a large sacrificial animal.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verses 105-107 of soorah as-Saaffaat:

""You have fulfilled the vision." Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good. Indeed, this was the clear trial. And We ransomed him with a great sacrifice."

obedience The of Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam sacrificing his only son truly manifests the solid imaan (faith) and potent fortitude mental possessed by

Prophet Ibraaheem. The great sacrifice displayed by Prophet Ibraaheem 'Alayhissalaam must be every instilled in individual's actions, towards nurturing a capable ummah.

The 'ibaadah of Qurbaan also carries the elements ummah unity. for Beginning with the elements of sharing the slaughtered meat through certain division, then communal effort in

performing the sacrifice, hence distributing it to the poor and needy, relatives, friends and colleagues, and the neighbors. All of these will nurture the attitude of togetherness and

caring, as well as brotherhood that is firm, close-knit, and concerns for each other. As Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 103 of soorah Aal 'Imraan:

"And hold firmly to the rope of Allah all together and do not become divided."

Therefore, each person must be ready to sacrifice in enhancing the quality of his own self, his organizations, the society, and nation, by placing the interest of others far above personal

interest. One would willingly sacrifice for the sake of Islam and the Without Muslims. sacrifice, then do not at all expect success and blissfulness in life. That is to sacrifice one's anger,

tongue, and actions from becoming ensnared by fitnah and strife. And sacrificing one's spare time for the recitation of al-Qur'an, seeking Islamic knowledge, and performing righteous deeds.

To end the sermon, let us ponder upon following the suggestions:

1. The Muslim ummah must have certainty that slaughtering the sacrificial animal is a duty legislated by Allah Subhaanahu Ta'aala.

2. The Muslim ummah must be willing to make infaaq of the wealth to participate in the 'ibaadah of Qurbaan, hence proving the symbol of obedience and Allah adherence to Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

3. The Muslim ummah must utilize the philosophy and essence of the 'ibaadah of Qurbaan as the driving force for the unity of the ummah, in heading towards a prosperous, peaceful, and harmonious country.

4. The Muslim ummah must always sacrifice so as to save themselves and others from the wrath of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala and the torment of the Fire.

"...And whatever thing you spend [in His cause] - He will compensate it; and He is the best of providers." (Sabaa' 34:39)

THE SECOND KHUTBAH

Let us altogether strive to have the tagwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by increasing our obedience towards Him and avoiding acts of disobedience and abominable deeds.

O Allah, grant us guidance in performing the five obligatory prayers in congregation, fulfilling zakaat through Selangor Zakaat Board (LZS), making endowment (waqf)

through Perbadanan Wakaf Selangor (Selangor Endowment Corporation) and giving away our wealth (infaaq) through Tabung Infak Jariah Umat Islam Selangor (TIJARI, Selangor Continuous Charity for Muslims Fund),

and to the orphans through Darul Ehsan Islamic Foundation (YIDE).

Make us among Your slaves that fulfills the amaanah. Strengthen our imaan so that we avoid treachery, protect us from becoming among those that neglect their responsibilities, and protect

our state and nation from destruction due to bribery. Render the duty to lead our country upon Your slaves whom are trustworthy and honest, as well as firm and courageous in upholding

the truth and executing justice according to the Sharee'ah. O Allah, make the masaajid and suraus in the state of Selangor as Your peaceful homes,



