





Let us strive to increase our taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by performing all of His Commands and leaving out all of

His prohibitions. May we attain success in this world and the Hereafter.

## "AVOID BLAMEWORTHY TRAITS."

Akhlaaq originates from the word khuluqun, which means courtesy, meaning something that is kept inside the heart, very subtle, and unknown to

others, but having a great impact upon the behaviors of mankind. Akhlaaq is divided into two, namely mahmoodah (praiseworthy) and madhmoomah (blameworthy).

Akhlaaq is that madhmoomah refers to acts that are reprehensible according to the intellect and Islamic Sharee'ah. They known are as blameworthy traits,

which contradicts the teachings of al-Qur'an and as-Sunnah. Among the traits madhmoomah are committing shirk against Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, lying, vanity,

jealousy, betrayal, stinginess, anger, and many more. These dispraised akhlaaq is not from the characteristics of hadeeth of 'Abdullah bin Mas'ood radiyAllaahu 'anh,

Rasulullah said, which means:

"He who has in his heart the weight of a mustard seed of pride shall not enter Paradise."

(Muslim)

Among the traits of madhmoomah is jealousy (hasad). Jealousy means envy, which is hoping for the ni'mah (favor) and blessings that are found in others to be removed and instead given to the

person with envy. Those whom are envious cannot stand to see others possessing more bounties than them in matters of good. Those having this trait, it is as if they are opposing

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala for bestowing certain favor to others. Hasad can erase all of the charitable deeds performed, as in the narration of Rasulullah , on the authority of

Abu Hurayrah *radiyAllaahu* 'anh, which means:

"Avoid envy, for envy devours good deeds just as fire devours firewood."

(Abu Dawood)

Such feeling or attitude is a madhmoomah trait that is truly despised by Allah. Moreover, Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala has firmly stated in al-Qur'an in verse 32 of soorah an-Nisaa':

"And do not wish for that by which Allah has made some of you exceed others..."

To avoid envy, jealousy, and covetousness, one must praise and give thanks to Allah for the favors enjoyed by our Muslim brethren. May we also be bestowed by Allah with the same favors.

While, anger stems from having little patience (sabr) in facing any situation, which is usually driven by the whispers of shaytaan. Rage that is reprehensible is anger that is out of place and

not with any good reason. Usually the grumpy person inherits such traits as pride, arrogance, refusal to accept criticisms, and others.

However, Islam does not forbid its adherents to have anger in certain matters, as Allah mentions in verse 9 of soorah at-Tahreem:

"O Prophet, strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites and be harsh upon them. And their refuge is Hell, and wretched is the destination."

Those whom are hottempered will usually stir up arguments just to win them. This is prohibited by Rasulullah through the hadeeth of Abu Umaamah radiyAllaahu 'anh, which means:

"No people go astray after having followed right guidance, but those who indulge in disputes."

(at-Tirmidhi and ibn Maajah)

Fitnah can be interpreted as inciting, meaning to convey the words of a person to others by adding details that are untrue so that those at the receiving end will become hateful and

inflamed by it. Such act is abhorred in Islam. It is deemed as faasiq and such person's testimony will not be accepted. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 6 of soorah al-Hujuraat:

"O you who have believed, if there comes to you a disobedient one with information, investigate, lest you harm a people out of ignorance and become, over what you have done, regretful."

A huge portion of these instigators intend to sever the relationship between individuals and as a consequence of their incitement, many have been oppressed. While, backbiting is to

speak about a person behind their back. Typically, what mentioned is with regard to a person's behavior, physical appearance, conduct, and others. All of these have been

prohibited in Islam and they fall within the category of major sins. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 12 of soorah al-Hujuraat, which means:

"O you who have avoid much believed, assumption. [negative] Indeed, some assumption is sin. And do not spy or backbite each other. Would one of you like to eat the flesh

of his brother when dead? You would detest it. And fear Allah; indeed, Allah is Accepting of repentance and Merciful."

The next madhmoomah trait is arrogance or pride, meaning selfconceit. One that is arrogant would always see himself or herself as being more worthy and of higher stature compared

to others, looking down upon others and deem them lowly. Pride and arrogance bring about no benefit, moreover it leads to the hatred of Allah and also mankind, and can even cause one to leave

the fold of Islam for rejecting to submit to the truth. Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 206 of soorah al-Baqarah, which means:

"And when it is said to him, "Fear Allah," pride in the sin takes hold of him. Sufficient for him is Hellfire, and how wretched is the resting place."

this trait To avoid must arrogance, one practice tawaddu' or staying humble by increasing interactions with all walks of society, and training oneself to listen to others' views in all matters.

To end the khutbah today, let altogether internalize upon its essence, as in the following:

1. The Muslim ummah must have certainty that all matters will be accounted for in the Hereafter, whether it is the excellent or dispraised akhlaaq.

2. The Muslim ummah must strive its level best to avoid madhmoomah traits for they are blameworthy.

3. We must comprehend that noble akhlaaq will attain good in this world and the Hereafter, and even loved by all creations.

Allah "Assuredly, knows what they conceal and what they declare. Indeed, He does not like the arrogant."

(Soorah an-Nahl 16:23)

## THE SECOND KHUTBAH

Let us altogether strive to have the tagwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by increasing our obedience towards Him and avoiding acts of disobedience and abominable deeds.

O Allah, grant us guidance in performing the five obligatory prayers in congregation, fulfilling zakaat through Selangor Zakaat Board (LZS), making endowment (waqf)

through Perbadanan Wakaf Selangor (Selangor Endowment Corporation) and giving away our wealth (infaaq) through Tabung Infak Jariah Umat Islam Selangor (TIJARI, Selangor Continuous Charity for Muslims Fund),

## and to the orphans through Darul Ehsan Islamic Foundation (YIDE).

O Allah, bestow upon us rizq that are lawful and blessed, keep us away from acts of corruption and abuse of power for they are betrayals upon the trust given.

