



JABATAN AGAMA ISLAM SELANGOR

THE BEST PRACTICE FOR ZAKAATAL-FITR

#bahagianpengurusanmasjid Khutbah Multimedia



Let us altogether strive to increase our taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, by abiding all of His Commands and avoiding all of

His prohibitions. May we all attain success in this world and the Hereafter.



Let us internalize upon the *khutbah* today titled



#bahagianpengurusanmasjid

In the month of Ramadaan, there is an obligation upon Muslims that is to be fulfilled, namely zakaat al-fitr (or zakaat fitrah). It is waajib (obligatory) upon every Muslim, whether a free

person or a slave, obligated upon oneself and also all of his dependents. The ordainment for zakaat al-fitr is only once a year, which is from the

momentRamadaanbegins, and ends on 'Eidal-Fitr.

ibn 'Abbaas *radiyAllaahu 'anhuma* narrated that:

"The Messenger of Allah enjoined zakaat al-fitr as a purification for the fasting person from idle talk and obscenities, and to feed the poor." (Abu Dawood and ibn Maajah)

Historically, zakaat al-fitr was legislated in the 2nd Hijri year, which coincided with the ordainment of Ramadaan fasting. This indicates that zakaat al-fitr is closely intertwined with

the 'ibaadah (worship) of fasting. Those that purposely ignore the obligation of zakaat alfitr, in reality, they have failed to sow the seeds of taqwa within themselves. While the utmost

hikmah (wisdom) in fasting is to instill *taqwa* within the self.

AllahSubhaanahuWaTa'aalamentions in verse183 of soorah al-Baqarah:

"O you who have believed, decreed upon you is fasting as it was decreed upon those before you that you may become righteous."

The implementation of zakaat al-fitr in general is easy to be executed without much question. This is because its rate is quite minimal for most people, which is RM7 per individual. For a family

thatconsistsoftwoparentsandthreechildren,the totalamountcomes to RM35.

However, in Selangor since 2018, we have been encouraged to fulfill our

zakaat al-fitr according to the type of rice that we regularly consume. Say if we typically consume the expensive type of rice, then we are highly encouraged

to fulfill our *zakaat fitrah* whether at RM14 or RM21 per person.

This recommendation is in accordance with the practice of the

Companions of the Prophet, as mentioned **'Umar** by ibn radiyAllaahu 'anhuma:

"The Prophet I ordered (Muslims) to give one Sa' of dates or one Sa' of barley as zakaat al-fitr. The people rewarded two Mudds of wheat as equal to that."

(al-Bukhaari)

Therefore, the practice of fulfilling zakaat al-fitr according to the price of rice that is normally consumed, in reality, is very good and more in line with the spirit of zakaat al-fitr itself. It is

also in accordance with the will of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala that highly encourages us to give with that which is better, especially in regarding matters to fasting.

AllahSubhaanahuWaTa'aalamentions in verse184 of soorah al-Baqarah:

"And whoever volunteers excess - it is better for him."

Truthfully, the obligation of zakaat al-fitr complements the 'ibaadah of fasting in Ramadaan. Giving away wealth in the form of zakaat requires firm imaan (faith). If we

become generous and have no qualm in giving away more wealth, meaning we fulfill zakaat al-fitr according to the type of rice that we consume, then it indicates that we were

successful in getting rid of stinginess (bakheel) from our hearts. However, if we become wishy-washy or still debate on which type to give, then it only means that we are still

overpowered by our desire. We still have ways to go before attaining the degree of taqwa.

The darajah (degree) of taqwa for the fasting person is very important, for it can cause the individual to change, before and after Ramadaan. For example, prior to Ramadaan a

person is known to be stingy. But after Ramadaan, he became generous so that proves that fasting was effective upon that person. However, if the person remained the same, then

it is feared that he had failed to attain the level of taqwa and the fasting that he did were in vain for he failed to educate himself.

Aside from that, those that were successful in

attaining the darajah of taqwa through their fasting that they became generous and likes to give zakaah and sadaqah (charity), then Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala promised to enter them

into Paradise that is very extraordinary.

In the hadeeth of 'Ali bin Abi Taalib **radiyAllaahu** 'anh, Rasulullah 🗯 said:

"Indeed in Paradise there are chambers whose outside can be seen from their inside, and their inside can be seen from their outside." A Bedouin stood and said: "Who are they for O Prophet of

Allah?" He said: "For those who speak well, feed others, fast regularly, and perform salaah for Allah during the night while the people sleep."

(at-Tirmidhi)

Look at the promises of the Prophet 3 and Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala upon those having utmost taqwa, that they have been prepared with rewards. It is a special special reward for those

that had successfully attained the level of taqwa. Such is the case, how zakaat al-fitr can complement our fasting and serve as the indicator for our level of imaan.

When is the time for us to fulfill the obligation of zakaat al-fitr?? According to Imaam ash-Shaafi'i, zakaat al-fitr can even be fulfilled from the first day of Ramadaan, just to avoid one from forgetting

to fulfill it later on. This practice is valid and it is actually better so that we can avoid from having to rush to fulfill it in the final moments. It becomes haraam (impermissible) and sinful if one becomes

negligent or forgetful in fulfilling zakaat al-fitr past the 1st of Shawwaal. Even then, zakaat al-fitr must still be fulfilled through LZS (Selangor Zakaat **Board) counters or via** online, and it will be

deemed as *qadaa'* (makeup) for that *zakaat*.

Remember, the hukm (ruling) in expediting the fulfillment of zakaat al-fitr including its qadaa' is waajib. This is because if

one continues to delay his zakaat al-fitr, then it means he will continue to remain in the state of haraam and sinful all the while. God forbid, if he dies, then he dies in a state of owing a debt to

Allah *Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala*.

Before ending the sermon this time, the following are several matters than can be taken as guidance:

1. The Muslim ummah must duly comprehend that zakaat al-fitr is an 'ibaadah that holds the biggest secret within the 'ibaadah of fasting in attaining taqwa.

2. The Muslim ummah must perform zakaat alfitr according to its capacity, which is by selecting the rate that is suitable for them.

3. In general, the Muslim ummah would fulfill zakaat al-fitr without much issues. Similarly, that should be the case with zakaat of wealth (almaal, that it is fulfilled without much question.

"And the example of those who spend their wealth seeking means to the approval of Allah and assuring [reward for] themselves is like a garden on high ground which is hit by a

downpour - so it yields its fruits in double. And [even] if it is not hit by a downpour, then a drizzle [is sufficient]. And Allah, of what you do, is Seeing."

(Soorah al-Baqarah 2:265)



Let us altogether strive to have the tagwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by increasing our obedience towards Him and avoiding acts of disobedience and abominable deeds.

 \diamondsuit

O Allah, grant us guidance in performing the five obligatory prayers in congregation, fulfilling zakaat through Selangor Zakaat Board (LZS), making endowment (waqf)

through Perbadanan Wakaf Selangor (Selangor Endowment **Corporation) and giving away our** wealth (infaaq) through Tabung Infak Jariah Umat Islam Selangor (TIJARI, Selangor Continuous **Charity for Muslims Fund),**

and to the orphans throughDarulEhsanIslamicFoundation (YIDE).

INDERASING DEEDAWANOLEH

00000000

unit khutbah bahagian pengurusan masiid