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Let us have the taqwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by performing all His Commands and avoiding all of His prohibitions. With that,

may we remain to be guided, and led, sheltered the by rahmah (mercy) and pleasure Allah of Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

The *khutbah* today is titled



In the *hadeeth* of ibn 'Umar *radiyAllaahu* 'anhuma, Rasulullah

Said:

أَلَا كُلْكُمْ رَاعِ وَكُلْكُمْ مَسْئُولٌ عَنْ وَكُلْكُمْ مَسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَيْ عَنْ وَكُلْكُمْ مَسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُولِهُ عَنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مَسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مِنْ وَلِي عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مِنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مِنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مِنْ وَلِي عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُ لَا عُلْكُمْ فَا مُسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مِنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُسْئُولً عَنْ وَكُلْكُمْ مُسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُ مُسْئُولً عَنْ وَلَا عُلْكُمْ مُولِي عَنْ وَلَالْكُمْ مُسْئُولًا عُلْكُمْ مُسْئُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُمْ مُسْئُولًا عُلْكُمْ مُسْلِقًا وَلِي عَنْ وَلِي عُلْكُمْ مُولِي عَلَيْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عَلَالِكُمْ عُلْكُمْ مُلْكُولًا عُلْكُمْ عُلْكُولُكُمْ مُسْلِقًا وَلِي عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُمْ مُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُلُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُلُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُولُكُولًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْلًا عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُلُولًا عُلِلْكُولُ عُلْكُلُلُكُمْ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُلُولُ عُلِلْكُولُ عُلِلْكُلُولُ عُلْكُولًا عُلْكُ

"Surely! Everyone of you is a guardian and is responsible for his charges."

(Agreed Upon)

Islam firmly emphasizes on the role and function of every human being as leaders and administrators for all matters entrusted upon them. Leadership is an amaanah (trust) placed

upon a person as a candidate for tribulation whose status and achievement will be determined by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala mentions in verse 14 of soorah Yoonus:

"Then We made you successors in the land after them so that We may observe how you will do."

In ensuring leadership and administration that attains the best evaluation in the Sight of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala, as well as saving us from calamities in the Hereafter, we must equip

with ourselves the preparation as leaders. The preparation that is of utmost importance knowledge, sound specifically those pertaining to the role as leaders. It is inadequate

with only management and technical know-how pertaining to our respective field. This is because at the very end we will not only be questioned by our employer, the people,

our superior, and the auditors, but we will be questioned by Allah Whom had created us and placed upon us certain tasks as human beings living in a society.

Caliph 'Umar bin alradiyAllaahu Khattaab 'anh had reminded us upon the dire need for authentic knowledge before becoming a leader. He stated:

تَفَقُّهُوْ ا قُبْلَ أَنْ تُسْتَوَّدُوا

"You should learn until you attain fiqh [understanding] before you are elected as a leader."

(al-Bukhaari)

The need to equip oneself with knowledge is not just to succeed as a leader and benefit the ummah alone. Moreover, we are often reminded that destructions and disasters that occur are

the very result of ignorance among the leaders regarding the true role of leadership, which is to govern mankind and the universe according to

the Sharee'ah of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

Islam needs leaders that masters the sciences of the religion and leadership. If a leader is only well-versed in

religious sciences, then it waajib becomes (obligatory) upon him to knowledge master regarding leadership or politics. On the contrary, if a leader only masters knowledge regarding

leadership or politics, it is then waajib to master religious authentic knowledge accompany and consult religious scholars. Hence, it is not befitting for one to possess sound

knowledge of the religion and politics but not putting them into practice.

In the *hadeeth* of Abu
Hurairah *radiyAllaahu*'anh, Rasulullah said:

"When the trust is lost, then wait for the Hour." It was asked, "How will the trust be lost, O Allah's Messenger?" He () said, "When authority is given to those who do not deserve it, then wait for the Hour."

(al-Bukhaari)

In another *hadeeth*, had had Rasulullah reminded us regarding the danger upon the ummah when there are many ignorant leaders. On the authority of

'Abdullah bin 'Umar radiyAllaahu 'anhuma, Rasulullah said:

"Verily, Allah does not take away knowledge by snatching it from the people but He takes away knowledge by taking away the scholars, so that when He leaves no learned person, people turn to the ignorant as their leaders; then they are asked to deliver religious verdicts and

they deliver them without knowledge, they go astray, and lead others astray."

(al-Bukhaari)

History has recorded that the early generation of Muslims had selected their leaders from among the learned ones who understood their religious duties. Look at the khulafaa'

ar-raashidoon (the rightly guided caliphs) whom succeeded Rasulullah in leading the Muslim ummah. They were the pious ones from among the Companions. Similarly with Caliph

'Umar bin 'Abd al-'Azeez, known for his justice, he was pious and truly comprehended the affairs and rulings in Islam.

In our history in the state of Selangor, the sultan does not just accompany the 'ulamaa' (Muslim scholar) and passionate religious about knowledge. They were also involved in imparting

religious knowledge, where they would serve imaam and as the (delivering khateeb sermon). For example, Sultan Alauddin Sulaiman Shah, the 6th sultan of Selangor, had written two

books titled "Pohon Agama" that were used as textbooks in religious schools at that time.

This manifests His Majesty's love for *'ilm* (knowledge) and his level

of 'ilm in Islam. History has also recorded that His Highness would always deliver the Friday sermon and the khutbah of 'Eid on the mimbar (pulpit) of Masjid Alaeddin in Kuala Langat.

Knowledge is to comprehended, felt, and practiced that it would be internalized in one's life. It behooves the leaders of today and the future to emulate the greatness of past leaders. As Muslim

leaders, they must have sound understanding of the science of tawheed (Oneness of Allah), figh (jurisprudence), and akhlaaq (moral character). If a leader is strong in 'aqeedah but

does not pray, then he is unfit to become a leader. If a leader is righteous in guarding his salawaat (prayers) but possess poor akhlaaq such as spreading fitnah and accepts bribery, then he

is unqualified to be a leader. Therefore, a leader that is strong in 'ageedah, implements the Sharee 'ah with istiqaamah (steadfastness), and having noble akhlaaq,

then he is a leader that is worthy and suitable in becoming exemplary and respected by the masses.

In ending the Friday khutbah today, let us altogether give our full undivided attention and focus upon the following advice:

1. Every leader must always seek and practice the knowledge of fard al-'ayn (individual obligations) and fard al-kifaayah (communal obligations) as commanded by Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala.

2. Leaders that are knowledgeable but do not put them into practice will go astray, while leaders that practice without knowledge will mislead others.

3. Every leader will be held accountable in the Hereafter regarding their leadership and those led.

"[And they are] those who, if We give them authority in the land, establish prayer and give zakaah and enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong. And to Allah belongs the outcome of [all] matters."

THE SECOND KHUTBAH

Let us altogether strive to have the tagwa of Allah Subhaanahu Wa Ta'aala by increasing our obedience towards Him and avoiding acts of disobedience and abominable deeds.

O Allah, grant us guidance in performing the five obligatory prayers in congregation, fulfilling zakaat through Selangor Zakaat Board (LZS), making endowment (waqf)

through Perbadanan Wakaf Selangor (Selangor Endowment Corporation) and giving away our wealth (infaaq) through Tabung Infak Jariah Umat Islam Selangor (TIJARI, Selangor Continuous **Charity for Muslims Fund).**

Make us among Your slaves that fulfills the amaanah. Strengthen our imaan so that we avoid treachery, protect us from becoming among those that neglect their responsibilities, and protect

our state and nation from destruction due to bribery. Render the duty to lead our country upon Your slaves whom are trustworthy and honest, as well as firm and courageous in upholding

the truth and executing justice according to the Sharee'ah. O Allah, make the masaajid and suraus in the state of Selangor as Your peaceful homes,



