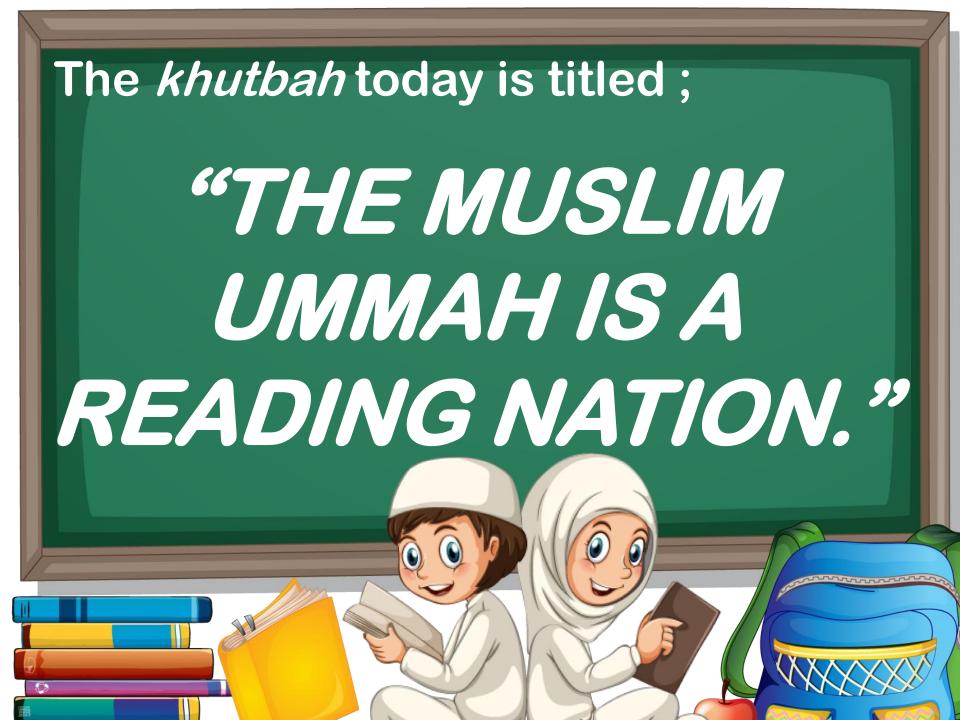


حرالته الرحص الرحيب Let us altogether strive in increasing our level of tagwa in the Sight of Allah with absolute taqwa, as commanded by Allah in our obedience to Him. It is only through

the provision of taqwa that we will attain blissfulness and prosperity in our lives in this world and the Hereafter.



Reading is the bridge to knowledge. Reading is a very good habit that must be practiced by everyone at all levels. Moreover, the first wahy (revelation) sent to Prophet Muhammad صلى الله was the

very command to read.
This was mentioned in the first verse of soorah al'Alaq:

"Read! In the Name of your Lord, Who has created (all that exists)." The Islamic civilization is known as the civilization of knowledge. This was manifested with the vast development of the Islamic civilization when the city of Baghdad became known as the

center of knowledge, in which it became the focus of the world with the gathering of scholars. Research and translation activities were robust that it led to the establishment of Bayt al-Hikmah as a

knowledge institution, founded by Caliph Haroon ar-Rasheed. Knowledgebased activities did not just revolve around the basic knowledge of Islam, but also a thorough process of the

Islamization of knowledge took place upon philosophical and scientific works into the Arabic language.

The richness of Islamic knowledge within various

fields and sciences had caused Islam to expand in its influence through knowledge. Islam did not spread through violence as falsely attributed by the West. Islam spread through akhlaaq (good

conduct) and knowledge. This is parallel with al-Qur'an as the mother of all sciences that had transformed the lives of the ignorant (jaahiliyyah) Arabs into becoming noble people.

Why is it today the Muslims are viewed as a nation that is no longer glorious like the previous Muslim ummah, aside from the war, colonization, and division factors?

Among the reason is that the Muslim ummah is plagued with ignorance, due to lack of reading and interest in pursuing knowledge. When one does not read as much, how can his knowledge

increase? Do we not take lessons that the term al-Qur'an refers to something that is often read or recited? Therefore, it behooves an ummah that is guided by al-Qur'an to also become

a reading nation.

The latest interim research undertaken by the National Library of Malaysia discovered that reading habit

amongst Malaysians has increased.

In 2014, Malaysians were found to have read an average of 15 books per year!

Reading habit must be nurtured not just as a favorite practice and to fill one's past time, but it is as stated by a historian in Egypt, namely Dr Raghib as-Sirjani, that reading is a necessity of

life. This is because the life of a person who reads extensively is very different than a person who reads very little. If we are to change the world, then we have to change the humans whom

are its inhabitants. To change the humans, then instill knowledge into them. This can be derived as a lesson from the hadeeth of Prophet صلى الله عليه وسلم Muhammad

narrated by Mu'aawiyah ibn Abi Sufyaan radiyAllaahu 'anh, صلى الله عليه وسلم where the Prophet said:

"When Allah wishes good for anyone, He bestows upon him the figh (comprehension) of the religion." (al-Bukhaari and Muslim) As such, the basic understanding that must be developed is the comprehension of religious affairs, for religion is the core of life. Therefore, reading is one of the essential and

significant steps in increasing the level of religious comprehension that must be imbued within the life of the Muslim ummah.

To end this khutbah, I would like to outline several important matters to be acted upon by all of us, namely:

1. The Muslim ummah must have full certainty that al-Qur'an is the true guidance for life and it must be read at all times.

2. The Muslim ummah should embrace the habit of reading as part of its culture in life.

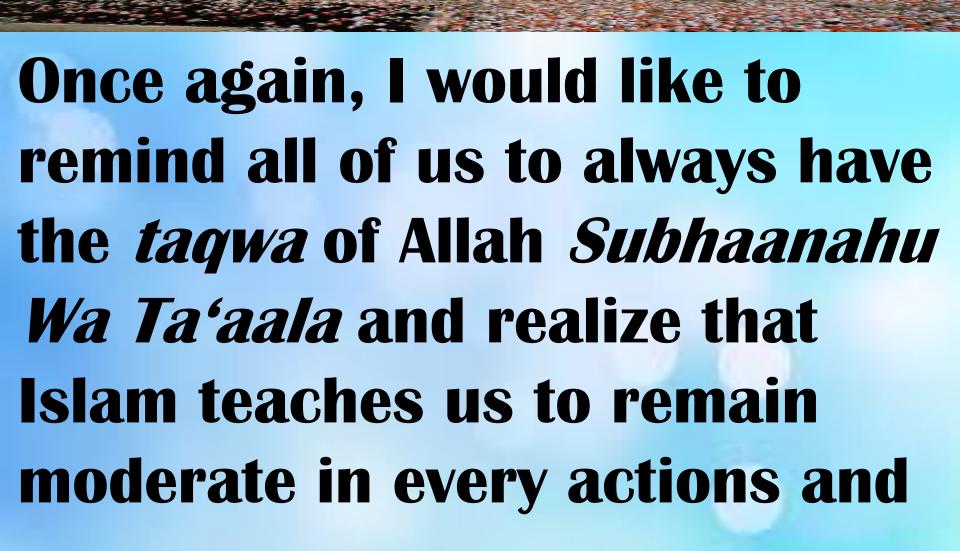
3. The Muslim ummah must increase its reading upon beneficial materials so as to solidify the level of knowledge upon individuals and the ummah.

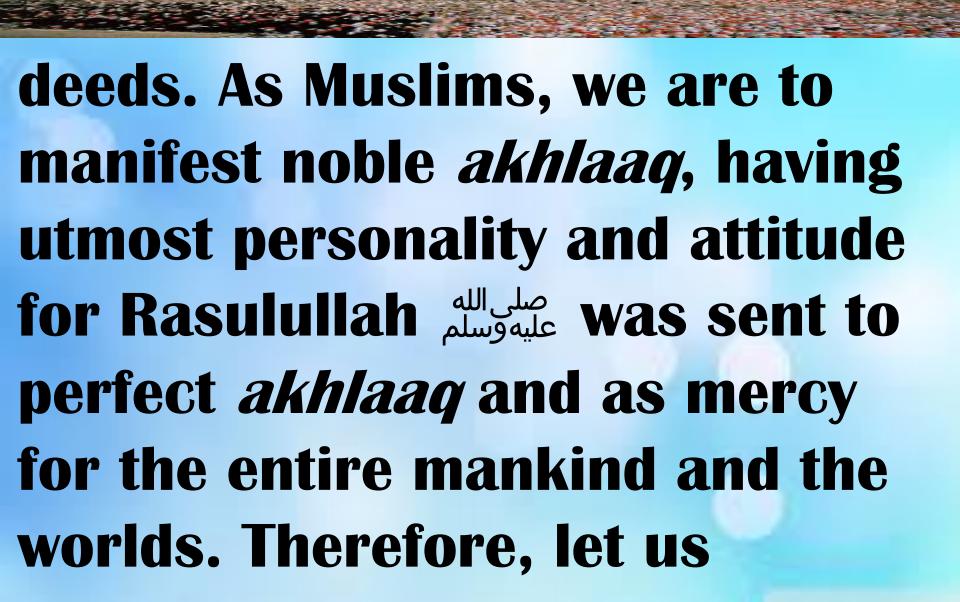
"Read! In the Name of your Lord, Who has created (all that exists) - created man from a clot. Read! And your Lord is the

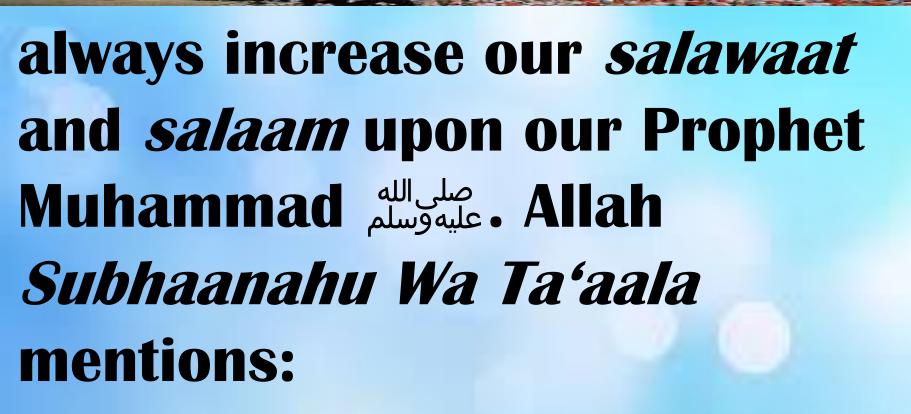
Most Generous, Who has taught (the writing) by the pen. Taught man that which he knew not." (al-'Alaq 96:1-5)



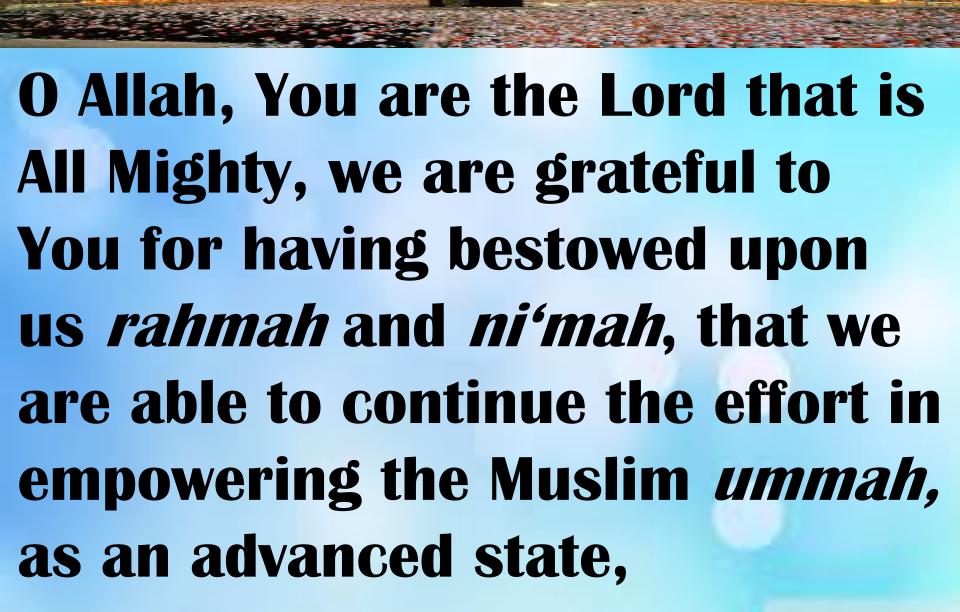
THE SECOND KHUTBAH







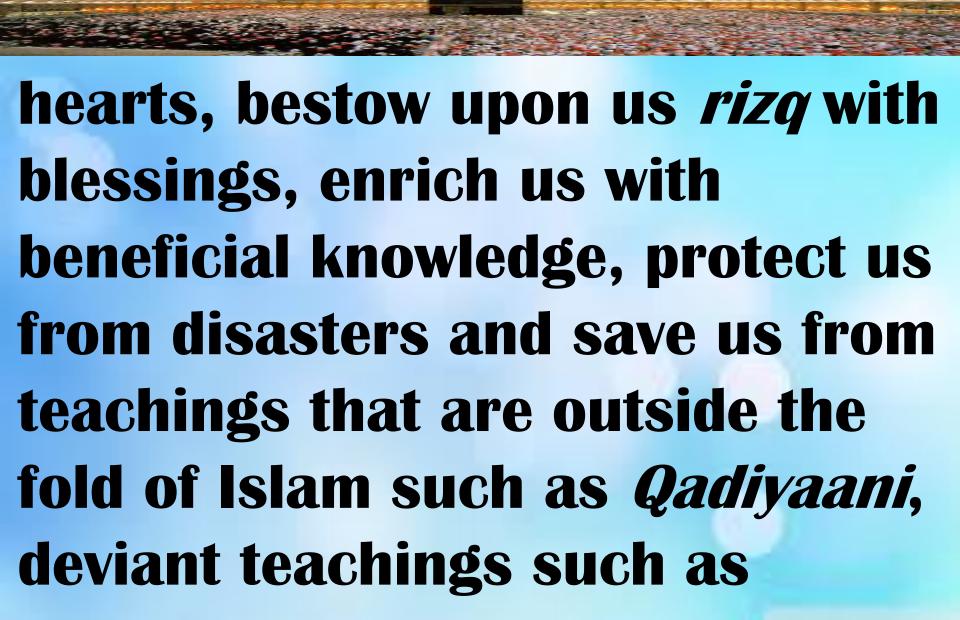
"Indeed, Allah confers blessing upon the Prophet, and His angels [ask Him to do so]. O you who have believed, ask [Allah to confer] blessing upon him and ask [Allah to grant him | peace." (al-Ahzaab 33:56)

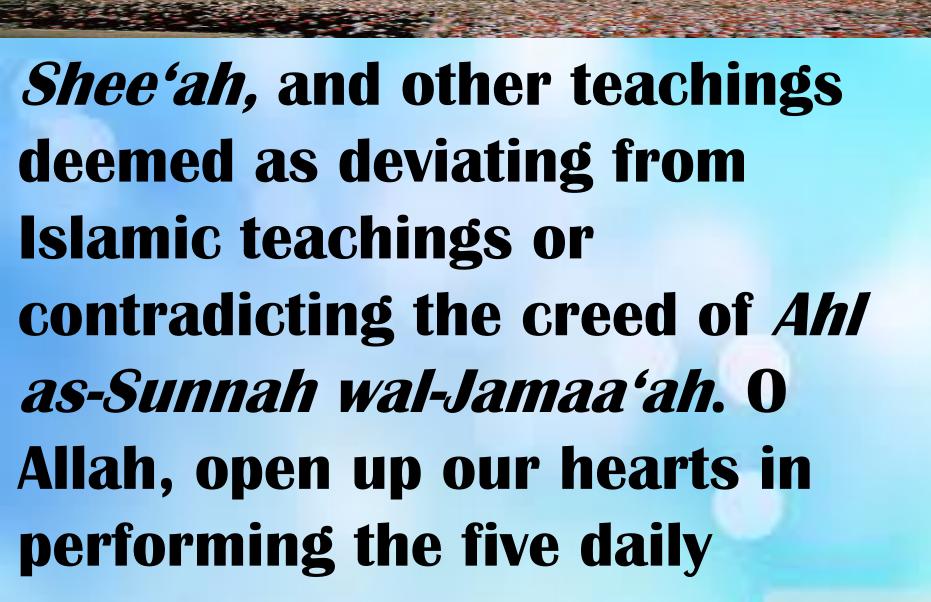


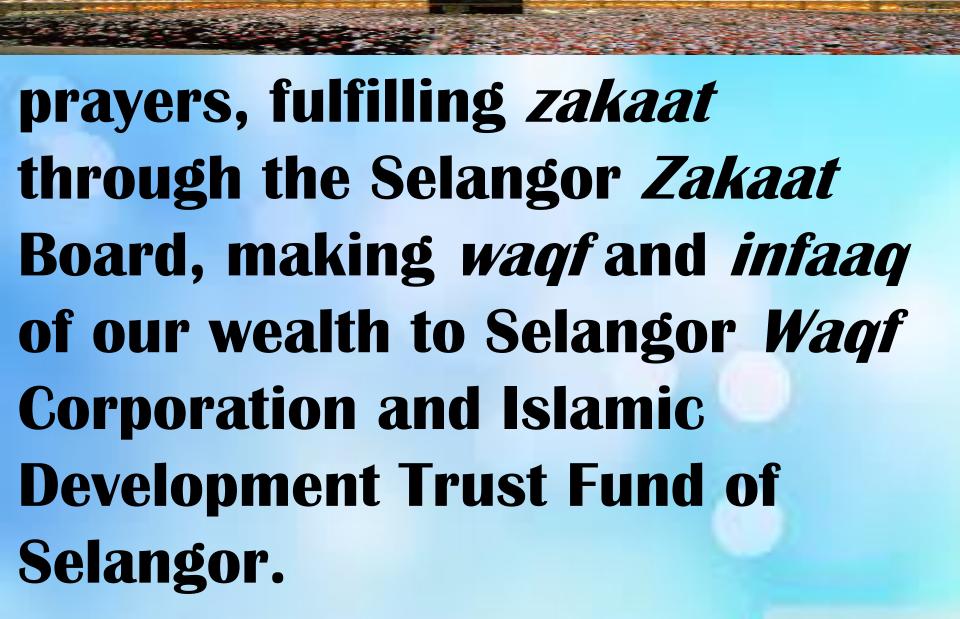


prosperous and providing welfare, under the auspices and leadership of our Ruler as the Head of Islamic affairs in this state.











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