



May our efforts become accepted as righteous deeds, as provisions in meeting Allah Subhaanahu Wata'aala in the Hereafter.

The title of today's khutbah is "WaqfDonor: The Millionaire Of The Afterlife"

As Muslims, we must realize that the wealth that we possess is not absolutely ours, but it is "loaned" to us temporarily from Allah Subhaanahu Wata'aala. Allah Almighty has the right

to give and take back in various unexpected ways. Hence, let us beware in spending our wealth and safeguarding the amaanah from Allah. **Every source of our** possessions will be

questioned as to how they were obtained and how were they spent. Abu Barzah al-Aslami radiyAllaahu'anh ملىالله reported: Rasulullah said:

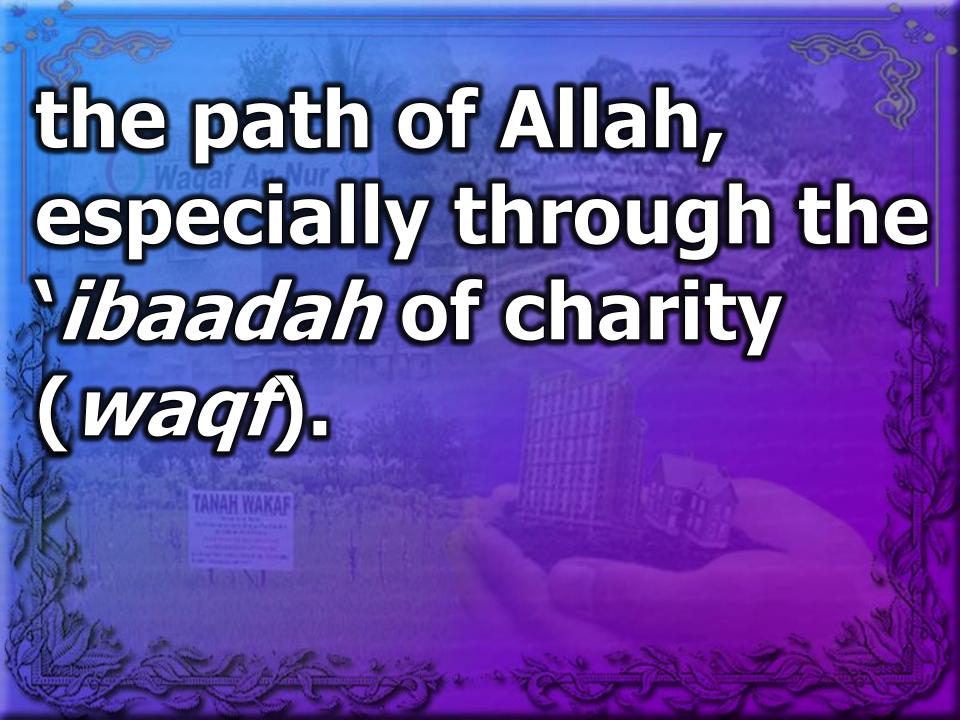
"Man's feet will not move on the Day of Resurrection before he is asked about his life, how did he consume it, his knowledge, what did he do with it, his wealth, how did he earn it and how did

he dispose of it, and about his body, how did he wear it out"

(at-Tirmidhi: hasan saheeh)

As a manifestation of our gratefulness upon the blessings of Allah Subhaanahu Wata'aala whom have bestowed the bounty of grace and wealth upon us, let us emulate the

sunnah of Prophet ملىالله and his عليه وسلم Companions whom were also known as Afterlife millionaires. That is, we must increase in giving away our beloved possessions in



The deeds of Rasulullah are the best examples عليه وسلم that became the foundation for the practice of waqf (endowment), where the first waqfin Islam was the construction of Masjid

Qubaa', followed by the construction of Masjid an-Nabawi. It was narrated that Rasulullah عليه وسلم had purchased the land from two orphans, namely Sahl and Suhayl, for 10 dirham and he صلى الله then

gave it as waqf for the construction of the masjid. The Companions also emulated the prophet's practice in giving waqf, where Abu Bakr radiyAllaahu'anh gave away

gold dinars as waqf for the construction of Masjid an-Nabawi in 622. 'Uthmaan radiyAllaahu'anh whom always competed with Abu Bakr in giving charity in the path of Allah, also made as

waqf the well of "Roomah" that he bought from a Jew. This well would help those Muslims having difficulty to access clean water. The wealth of 'Uthmaan continued to increase with

date trees growing and flourishing around the well area. The noble practice of wagf continued even after the death of Prophet صلى الله During عليه وسلم Muhammad the time of 'Umar

radiyAllaahu'anh, he had visited a military camp in Jalwan and decided that any land captured by the Muslim army will be made as waqfand its produce will be utilized for public benefit.

The 'Uthmaaniyyah caliphate had also did the same, where lands are rented out to the Muslims for agricultural projects, raising livestock, and construction of hotels or homes, with the

revenue spent for the welfare of the Muslim ummah. Abu Talhah radiyAllaahu'anh, an Ansaar (original resident of Madinah), had given away the most for waqf from his most beloved property called

Bayrooha. Bayrooha was a date farm located near Masjid an-Nabawi. Khalid ibn al-Waleed radiyAllaahu'anh also gave as waqf his metal armors and armaments in the path of

Allah. Waqf that originated from captured lands is an example of waqf established by the state. Also, numerous waqf have been established by individuals and private parties. The waqfinstitution

is utilized in funding welfare projects that would benefit everyone in the Islamic state. Among public and social institutions that are funded by the waqf system is the educational sector, mosques,

healthcare and military. For example, Madrasah an-Nooriyah in Damascus, al-Azhar University in Egypt, several universities in Turkey, and also several banks are all owned by waqf

institutions. Allah Subhaanahu Wata'aala mentions in al-Qur'an: "The example of those who spend their wealth in the way of Allah is like a seed [of grain] which grows

seven spikes; in each spike is a hundred grains. And Allah multiplies [His reward] for whom He wills. And Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing" (al-Bagarah 2:261)

That is the promise of Allah that will certainly be fulfilled for those millionaires in the Hereafter whom are sincere in giving charity, especially waqfin the path of Allah.

In our nation, waqf has long been practiced by the early generations. They were successful in making waqf from their wealth by constructing mosques, building schools and

madrasahs, orphanages, and many others. In these modern times, many millionaires have given away their wealth in the path of Allah. In this country, for example, several generous

tycoons had given as waqf to the Perbadanan Wakaf Selangor (Selangor Waqf Corporation) an amount of RM53 million specifically for building ma'had tahfizh (Qur'anic memorization

institutes) and several mosques. Such action will lead these tycoons to tread the footsteps of future millionaires in the Afterlife.

It is with this great spirit and example that the Selangor Waqf Corporation continues to remain active in promotional activities to the general public so that everyone will actively

participate. Among the methods introduced is giving waqf in monetary form (Selangor Waqf Shares) for as low as RM10 for a unit, Infaaq Scheme (salary deduction) for as low as

RM5 per month, Gold Wagf, and Online Wagf. All forms of monetary (cash) waqf have been determined in a fatwa that they could be converted into permanent assets. Until now, the overall

value of waqf in the state of Selangor is no less than RM72 million. Based on the sources from Selangor Waqf Corporation, several contributions have been rendered back to the

general public in 2014 and 2015 through various forms of contributions, donations, and distributions, in manifesting and upholding the symbols of Islam in this nation.

Among the lessons and tawjeehat (guiding rules) that can be taken from this khutbah are: 1. The Muslim ummah must have certainty that whatever wealth spent in the path of

Allah in this world will surely be rewarded multifold in the Hereafter, qualifying one to be called as millionaire of the Afterlife. 2. The Muslim ummah should make wagf for it will bring about compassion, igniting the spirit of mutual aid amongst each other.

3. The Muslim ummah should strive to attain nearness to Allah Subhaanahu Wata'aala

through waqf so as to attain the pleasure of Allah. 4. The Muslims are highly encouraged to give as waqf portions of their possessions to uphold the economy and symbols of the Muslim ummah.

"And spend [in the way of Allah] from what We have provided you before death approaches one of you and he says, "My Lord, if only You

would delay me for a brief term so I would give charity and be among the righteous""

(al-Munaafiqoon 63:10)

بَارَكَ اللهُ لِيْ وَلَكُمْ فِي الْقُرْآنِ الْعَظِيْمِ وَنَفَعَنِي وَإِيَّاكُمْ بِمَا فِيْهِ مِنَ الْأَيَاتِ وَالذِّكْرُ الْحَكِيْمِ وَتَقْبَلَ مِنِّي وَمِنْكُمْ تِلاوَتُهُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيْمُ. أَقُولُ قُولِيْ هَذَا وَأَسْتَغُفِرُ اللهَ الْعَظِيْمَ لِيْ وَلَكُمْ وَلِسَائِرِ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ وَالْمُسْلِمَاتِ وَالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ الْأَحْيَاءِ مِنْهُمْ وَالأَمْوَاتُ فَاسْتَغْفِرُونُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيْمُ

Once again, I would like to remind all of us that Islam teach its adherents to remain moderate in all actions and deeds. At the same time, the Muslims are to avoid any form of extremism in which its

consequences will only disrupt the harmony, unity, and security of the Muslim ummah and our nation. Extremism will only give negative impression upon the nobility and holiness of al-Islam. On the contrary, the

ummah must inculcate noble akhlaaq, having utmost personality and attitude as true Muslims so that the world will know that Rasulullah (عليه وسلم) was sent down as a messenger, and Islam that was revealed is



O Allah, You are the Lord that is All Mighty, we are grateful to You for having bestowed upon us rahmah and ni'mah, that we are able to continue the effort in empowering the Muslim ummah especially in Selangor, as an

advanced state, prosperous, and providing welfare. Hence, we sincerely beseech you, O Allah, strengthen our imaan, accept our deeds, strengthen our unity, increase our rizq, enrich us

beneficial knowledge, cultivate our soul with good mannerisms, return us to the path that you are pleased with, protect us from disasters and your severe trials, so that our nation will become more peaceful and filled with blessings.

O Allah, we sincerely beseech you, strengthen our beliefs according to the creed of Ahlus Sunnah wal-Jamaa'ah, and protect us from deeds and 'ageedah that are astray such as the extreme Shee'is, Qadiyani, and other ideologies.

O Allah, open up our hearts in fulfilling the five daily prayers, performing zakaat, and other obligations. Bless those that have fulfilled their zakaat and loving the fugaraa' and masaakin, and those that have

made waqfand gave up their wealth for Tabung Amanah Pembangunan Islam Selangor (Islamic **Development Trust Fund of** Selangor) with continuous reward until the Hereafter.

O Allah, increase and widen the rizg of those that made waqf from their wealth with perpetual rewards until the Last Day.





DISEDIAKAN OLEH:

UNIT KHUTBAH,

BAHAGIAN PENGURUSAN MASJID

JABATAN AGAMA ISLAM SELANGOR